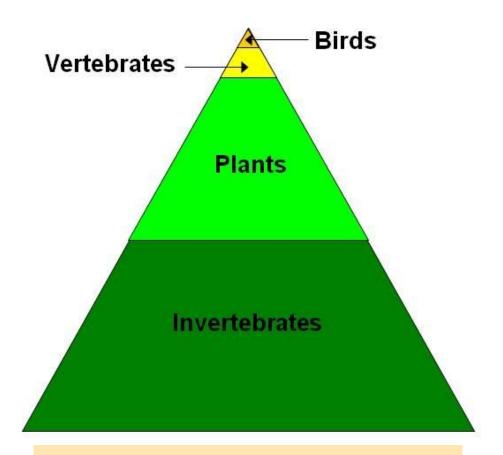
# Incorporating Refugia Into Prescribed Burns for Invertebrate Conservation



#### BIODIVERSITY

**Biodiversity in Grasslands** 



Prudent precaution



#### Why have refugia?

- fire-dependent/fire-sensitive
- Risks magnified when habitat patch isolated and rare
  - Prairie remnants
  - Oak savanna
- Forest types less of a concern



#### Prairie-Specialist Invertebrates

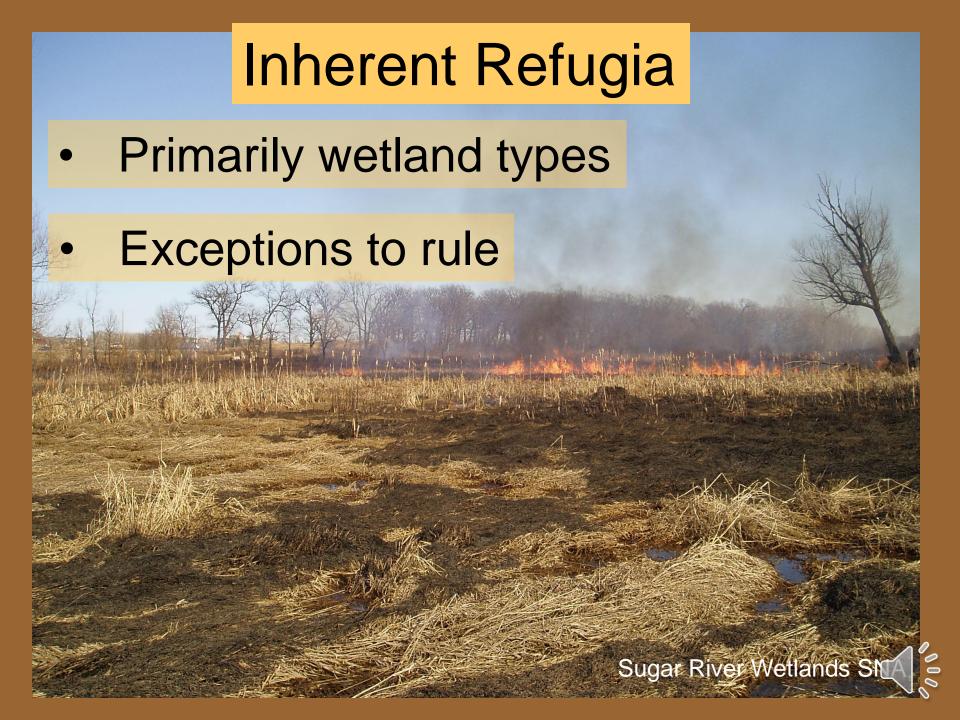
- Approx. 2,000 in WI and adjacent states
- Vary in immediate sensitivity to fire
  - 40% negative
  - 30% unaffected
  - 30% positive
- Recovery time varies
  - Majority by end of first season
  - Most of the rest by second season
  - a few may take 3 to 4 years



#### Refugia Details

- Where:
  - Host plant representation
  - Representation of community types
- Size
- Permanent vs. rotating
- Fire return frequency
- Wet vs. upland sites





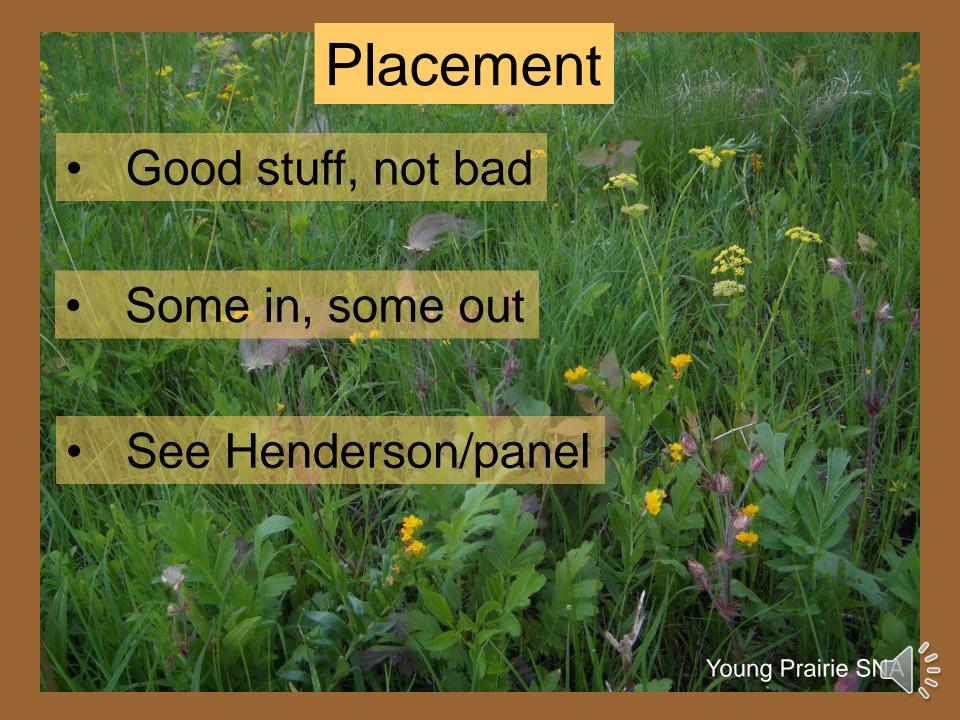


## Adjacent Refugia







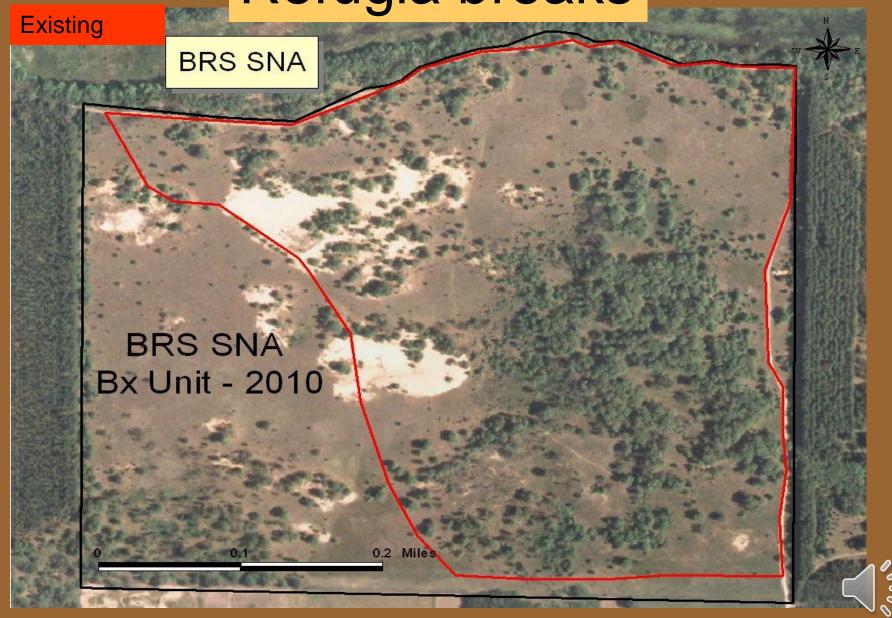




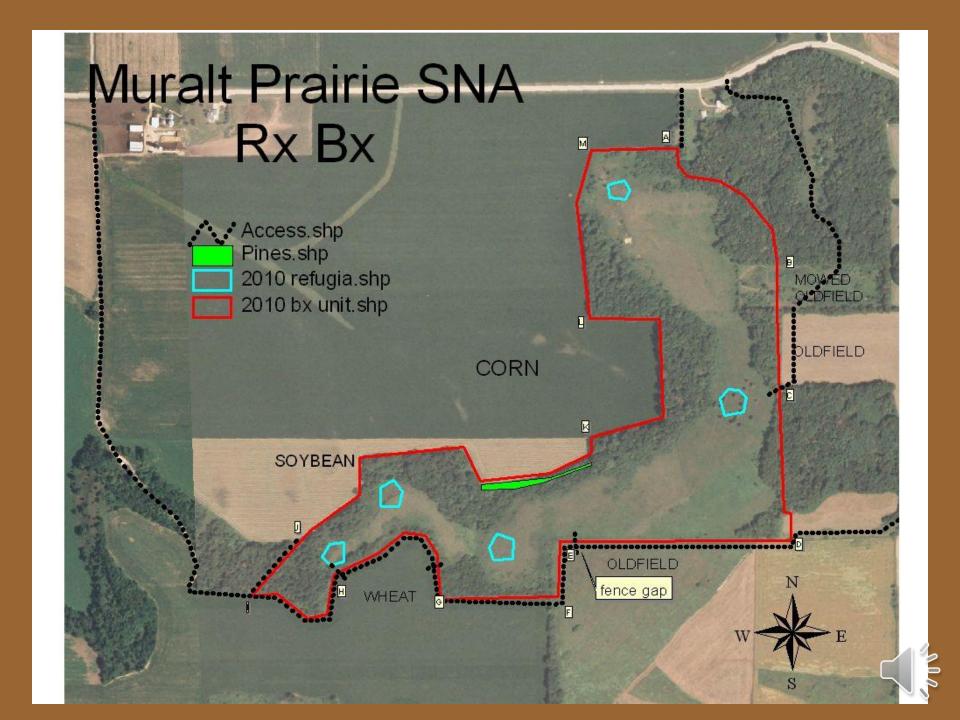


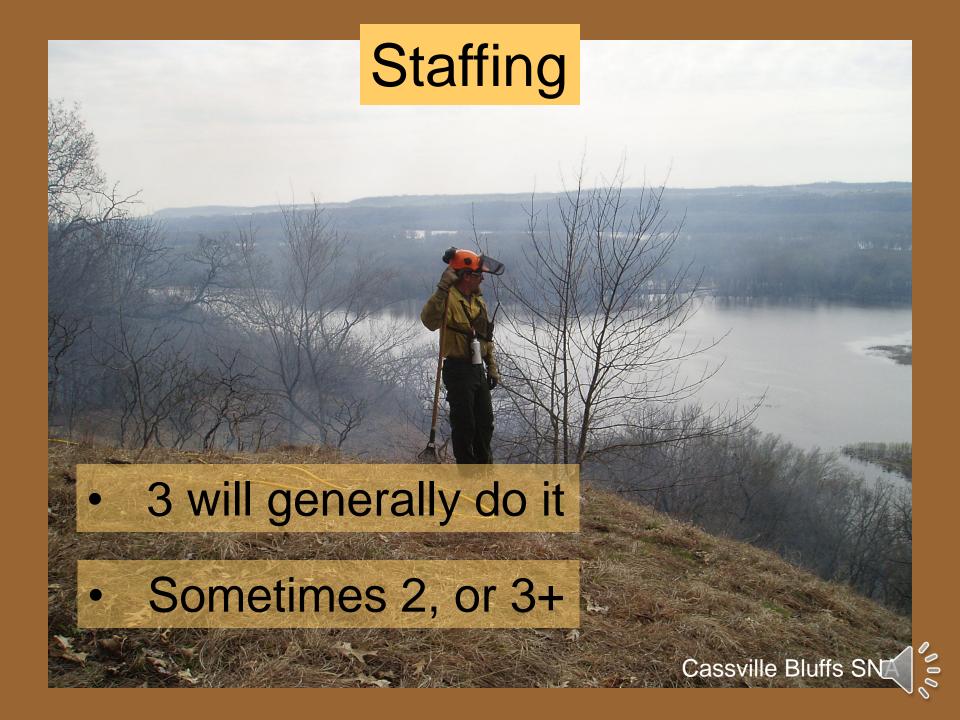


Refugia breaks







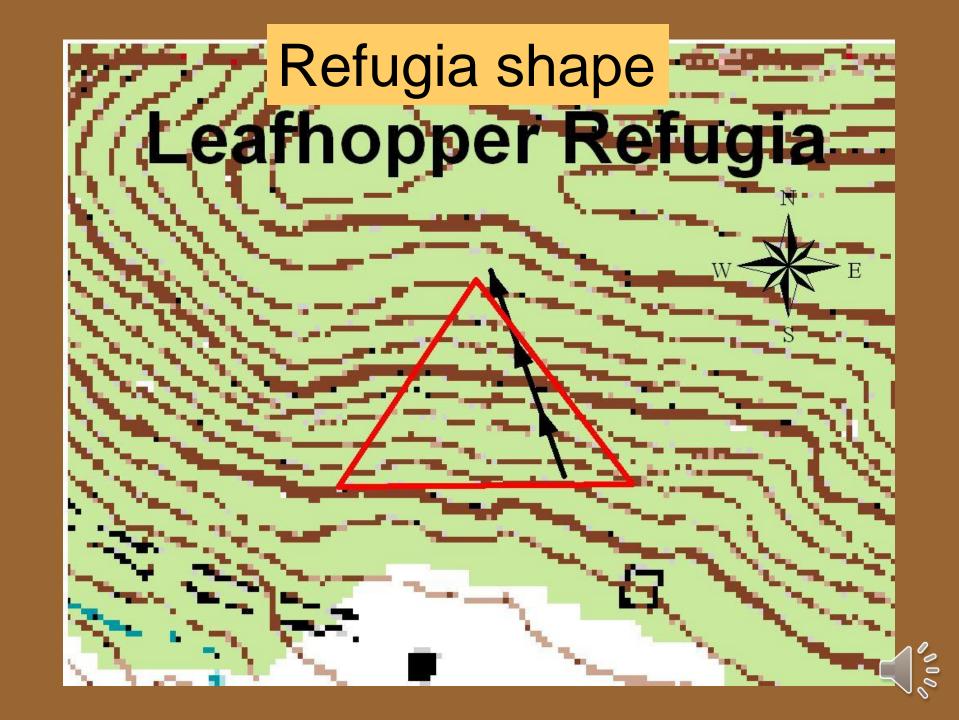






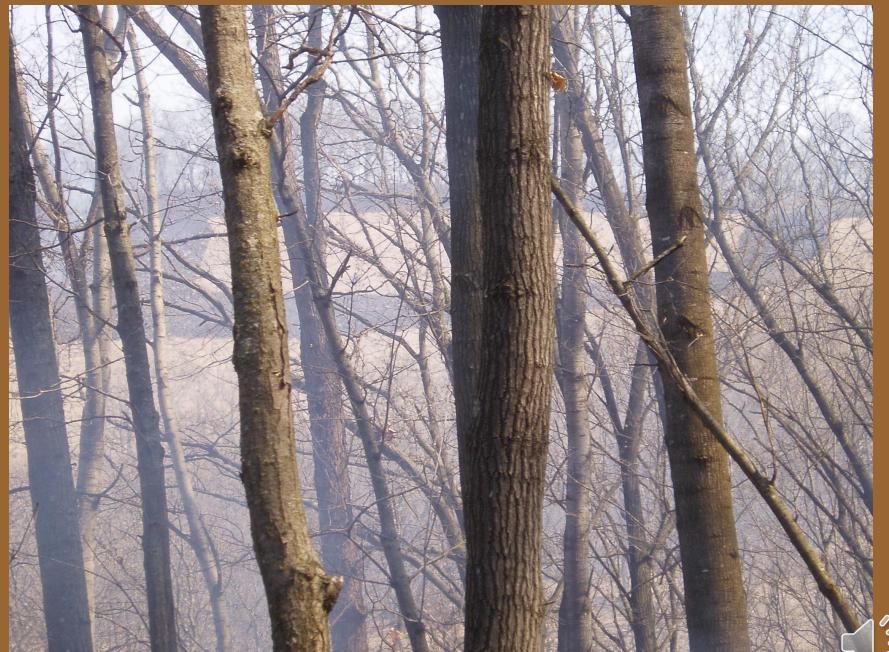


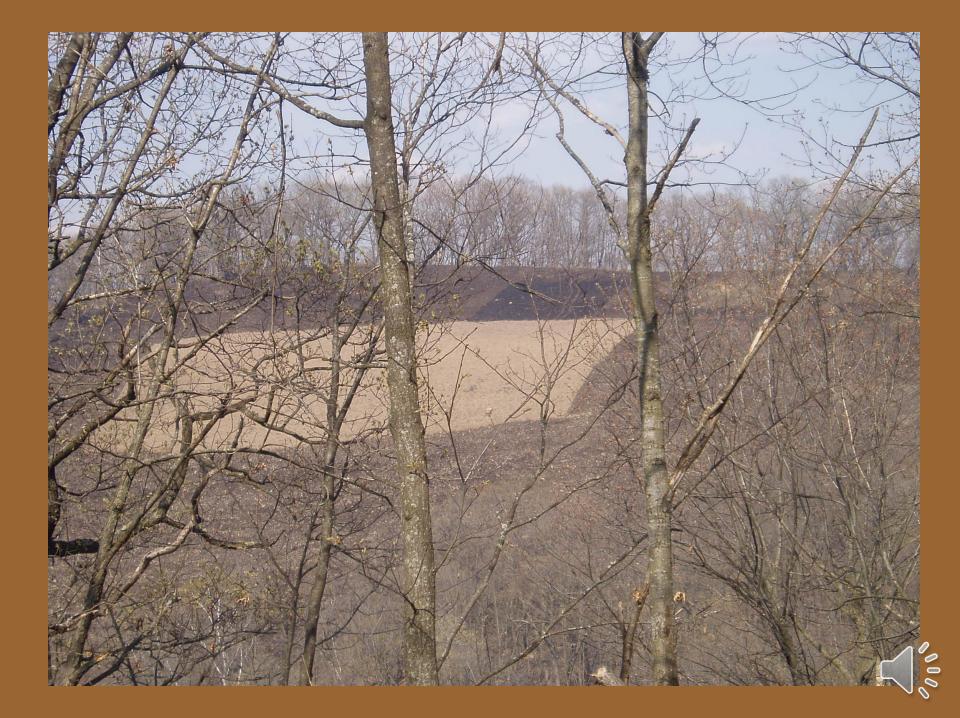
























### Safety – Personal

- Safety zone
- Don't get caught
- Communication
- Have enough resources
- Abort if necessary



